



Audio File Naming Standard

v2.0

Also known as a File Naming Convention, a file naming standard identifies a specific, reliable pattern to be followed for naming audio files. This helps maintain excellent organization of audio files during both the recording process and for subsequent distribution, as well as clarity in identification for years to come.

General Guidelines:

- use the official IETF language code found on door43.org
- use an underscore (_) to separate information fields
- use a hyphen (-) to identify
 - a subgroup or regional dialect of a language
 - frames within Open Bible Stories

Open Bible Stories (file as full story):

Template: language code_content name_story number

Examples: en_obs_01
en_obs_02
pt-br_obs_28
es-419_obs_50

Open Bible Stories (file as story frame):

Template: language code_content name_story number-frame number

Examples: en_obs_01-01
en_obs_01-02
pt-br_obs_28-04
es-419_obs_50-17

Scripture:

Template: language code_Bible type_book number_book name_chapter number

Examples: en_ulb_01_gen_01
es-419_ulb_19_sal_119
fr_udb_55_2ti_01
pt-br_ulb_44_ato_03
en_??_66_rev_22 (label Bible type accordingly if a different open-licensed text)

When recording draft versions or other scenarios where additional identification is needed, please use the format shown below and simply add an underscore (_) and text that clearly communicates what the file is. For example, a draft version of the first story in English Open Bible Stories would be:

en_obs_01_draft

Note to Recordists:

Proper identification of each audio file is very important. Please verify:

- file naming according to the guidelines above
- that each file name matches the recorded content
- total file count for any missing or duplicated files
- markers/cues are placed in the audio file for OBS frames or Scripture verses

